

# Model-Based Trajectory planning Implementation and Intelligent Refinement.

MOIRA 2nd Public Technical Course

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# Introduction.

Use case: Railway transportation Systems.

## Main trends at a global level



SUSTAINABLE

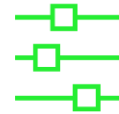


REDUCTION IN ENERGY COSTS

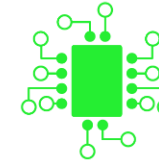


RELIABILITY AND LONGER LIFESPAN

## Solutions



AUTOMATION







DIGITALIZATION



CYBERSECURITY

Therefore, in recent years, efforts have been made to increase the degree of automation in current railway transportation systems.

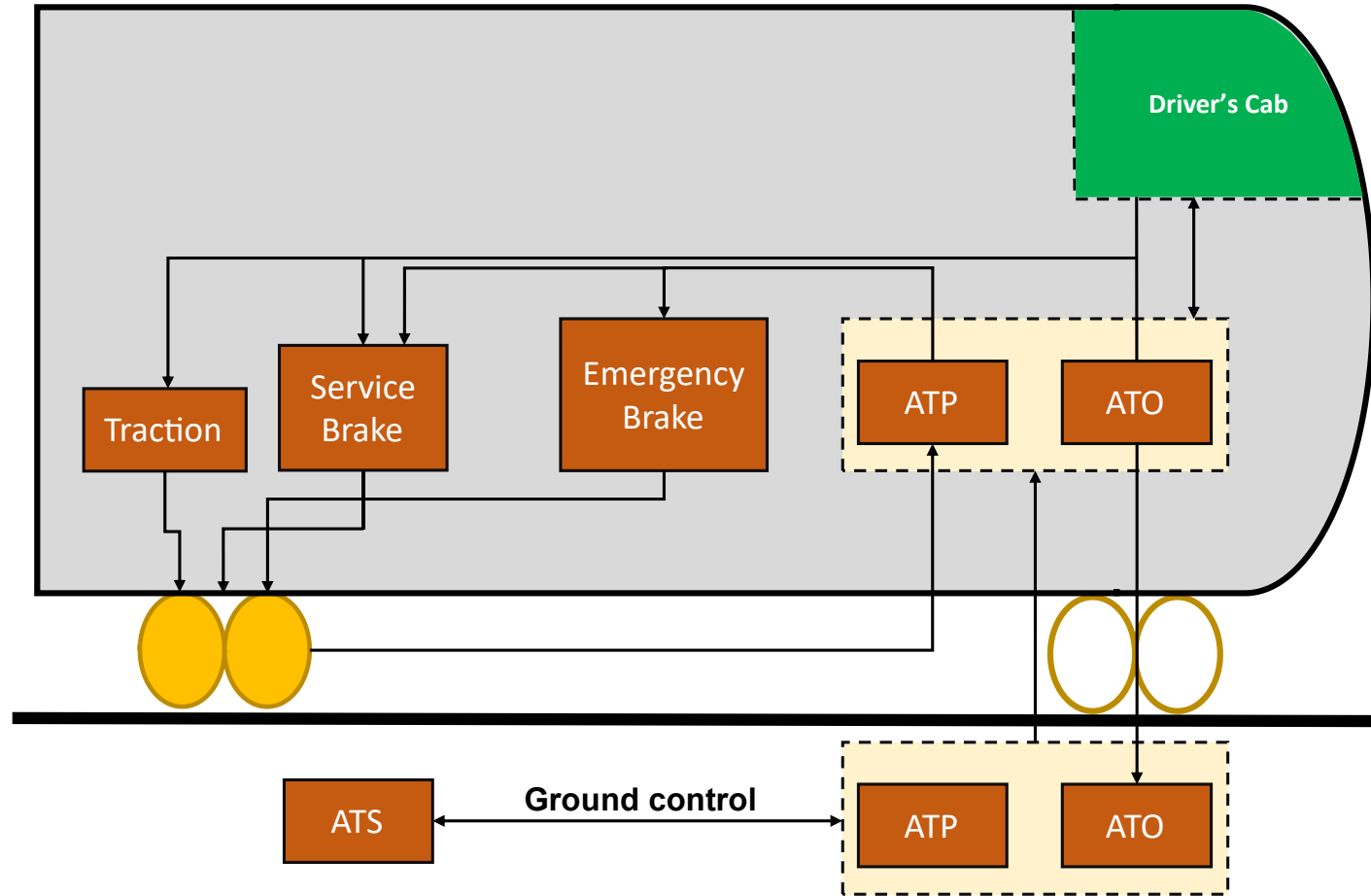
Grade of Automation (GoA)	Train Operation	Setting train in motion	Driving and Stopping	Door opening and closing	Operation in event of disruption
GoA 1 	*ATP with driver		<b>DRIVER</b>		
GoA 2 	*ATP and *ATO with driver				
GoA 3 	Driverless train operation		<b>AUTOMATIC</b>	<b>ATTENDANT</b>	
GoA 4 	Driverless train operation				

In Europe, working on it from 2016 - 2019


In Europe, working on it from 2019 to today

# Introduction.


Automatic train control system: Main structure.




The automatic train control system (ATC System), based on IEEE Std. 1475-2012, is mainly defined as follows:

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**ATP Subsystem**

Ensures safety by averting potential collisions and defines Speed limits along the track.
  - 

**ATS Subsystem**

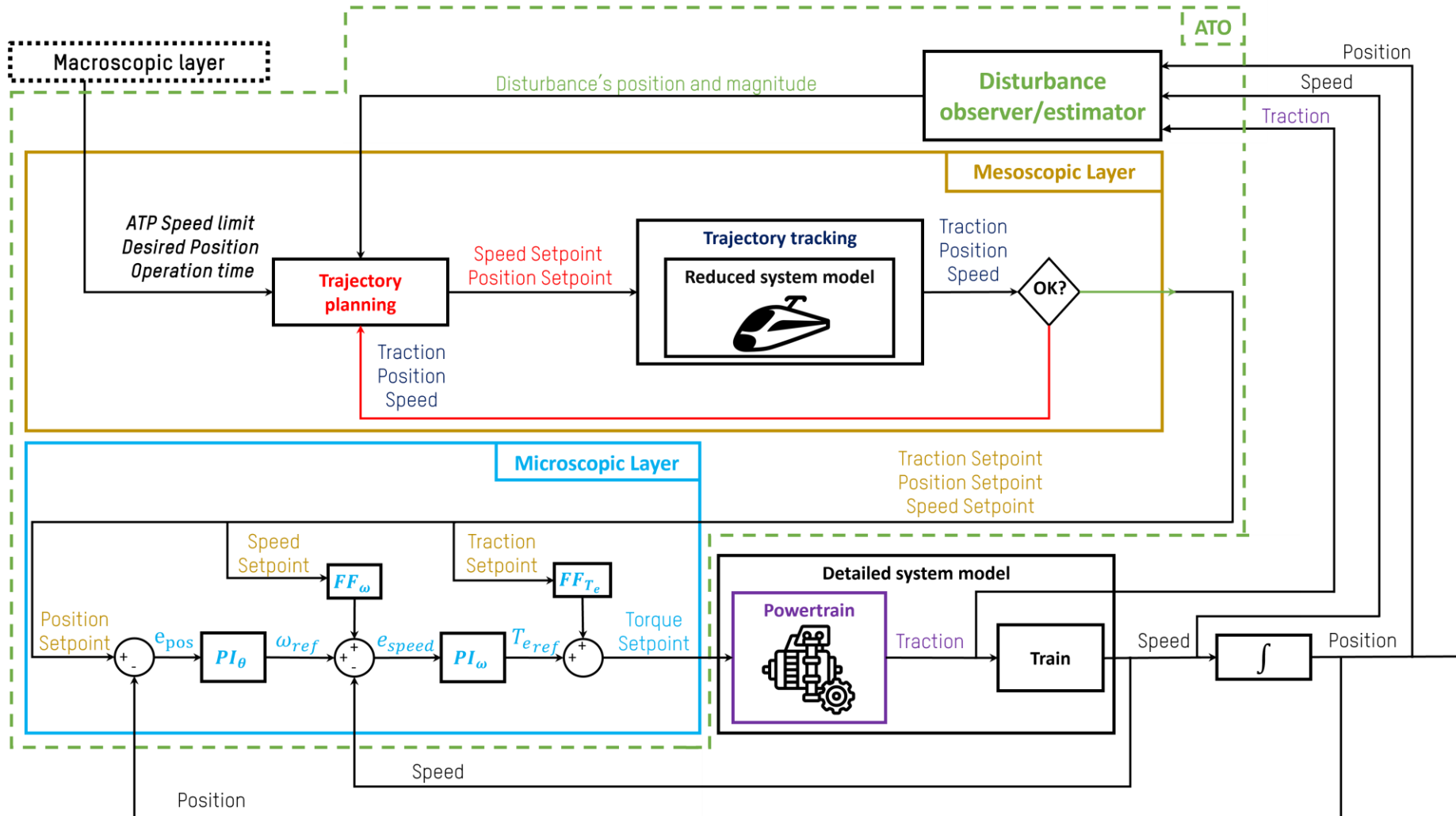
Monitors and Coordinates the movements of the entire train fleet within the railway network.
  - 

**ATO Subsystem**

Based on the info from the ATS and ATP, the ATO, governs the Speed and Traction/braking of each train.
- The ATO is what I'm developing*

# Introduction.

Automatic train control system: Used framework.



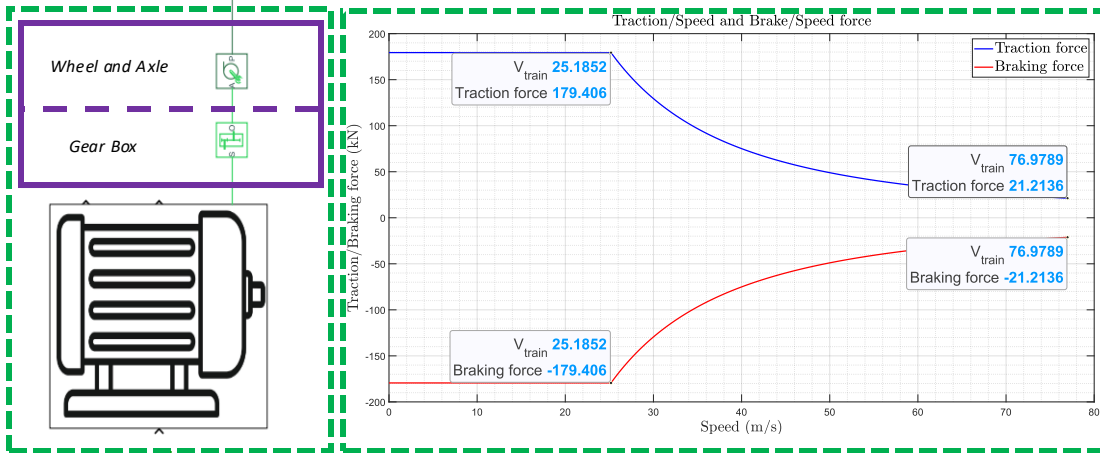
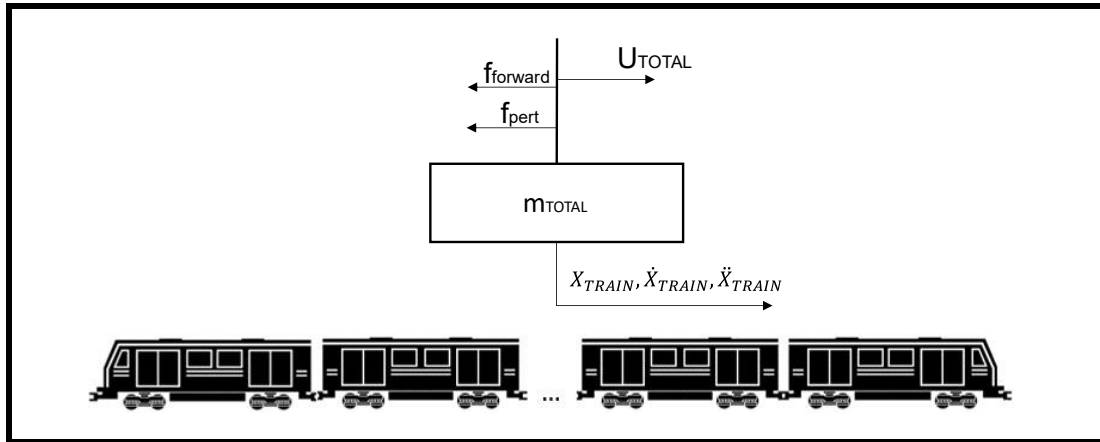
## Notes:

- In the **first year** as a **PhD Student**, just the **mesoscopic layer** was developed. (1 Conference article and 1 Q1 Under review)
- At the **beginning of my second year** as a **PhD Student**, the **microscopic layer** has been developed (1 Conference article)
- **Some weeks ago**, we removed some info provided by the macro layer (Disturbances), and we developed the **Disturbance observer/estimator**. (Writing 1 Q1)

# Modeling and development.

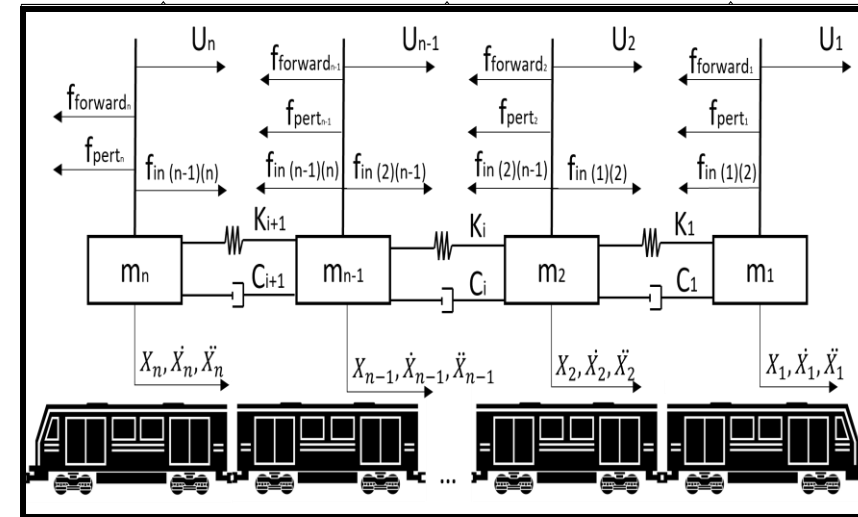
Simplified and detailed models.

The **simplified model** is used in the meso layer for planning purposes:

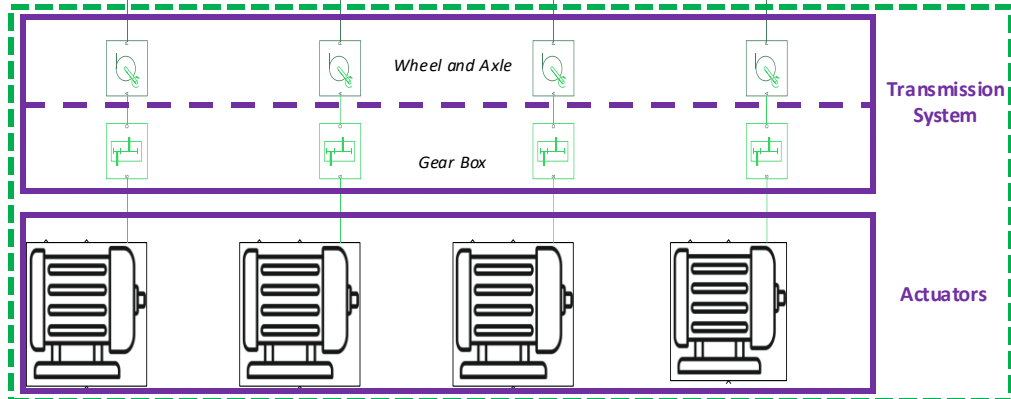


Modeling of the reduced Traction system, using the ideal Traction/braking curves

The **detailed model** is used for the simulation of the ATO Subsystem:



**Mechatronic System**

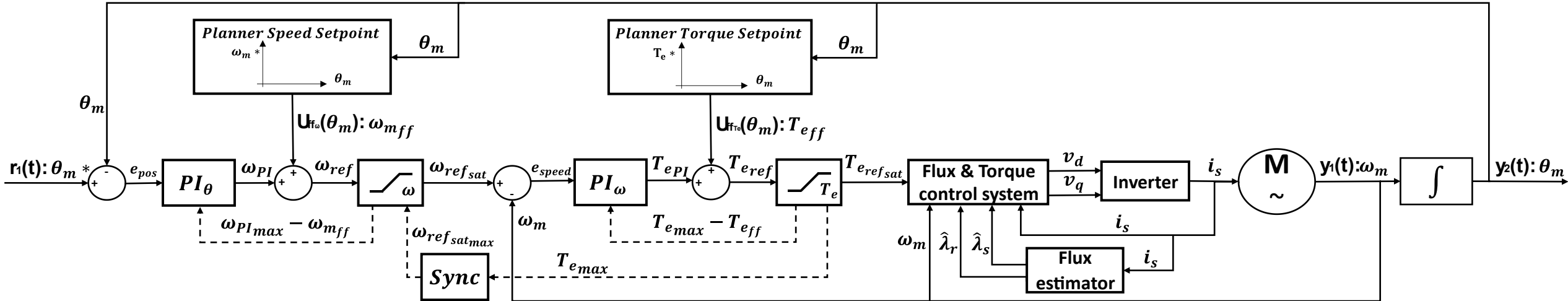


**Traction System**

# Modeling and development.

Development of the control system: Control scheme

Using the info provided by the mesoscopic layer after the planning process, the following control scheme has been designed:

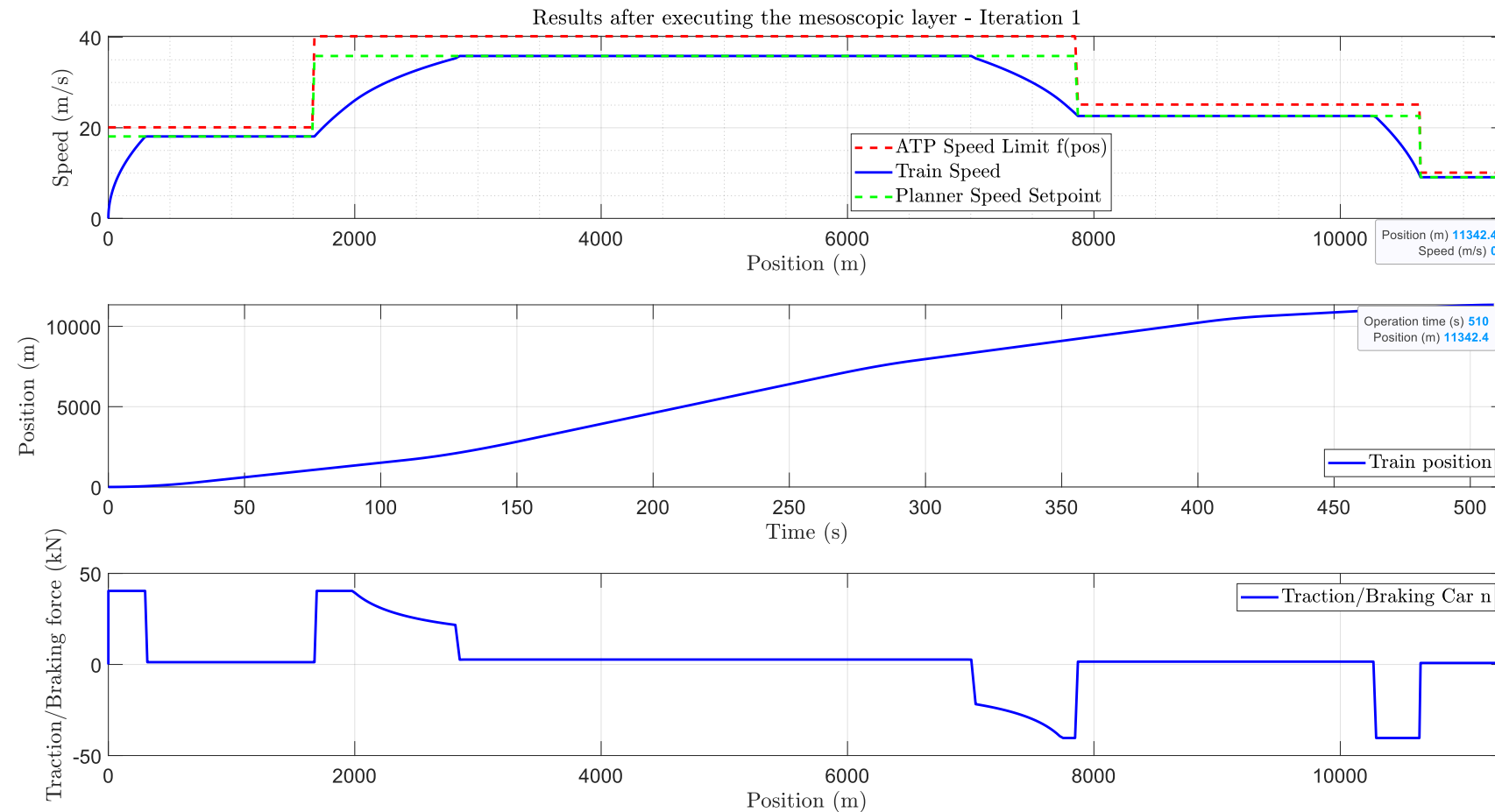


- The control scheme used is a **cascade position control system** → **Speed inner loop and position outer loop.**
- **Two feedforward actions** are used, **based on the position of the system**
- **Saturations for each loop** have been **implemented** based on the speed limits and based on the actuator's physical capacity.
- **An anti-windup method** has been developed **based on the synchronization between both control loops.**

# Modeling and development.

## Development of the control system: Results

After executing the meso layer's planning algorithm (1<sup>st</sup> iteration), the following setpoints are generated to the micro layer:



### Track conditions:

- Required **operation time**: **510 seconds**
- **Desired position**: 11342.4 m = **11,3424 Km**
- **Red line**: ATP Speed limit
- There are some **unknown disturbances**.

### Planning output specifications:

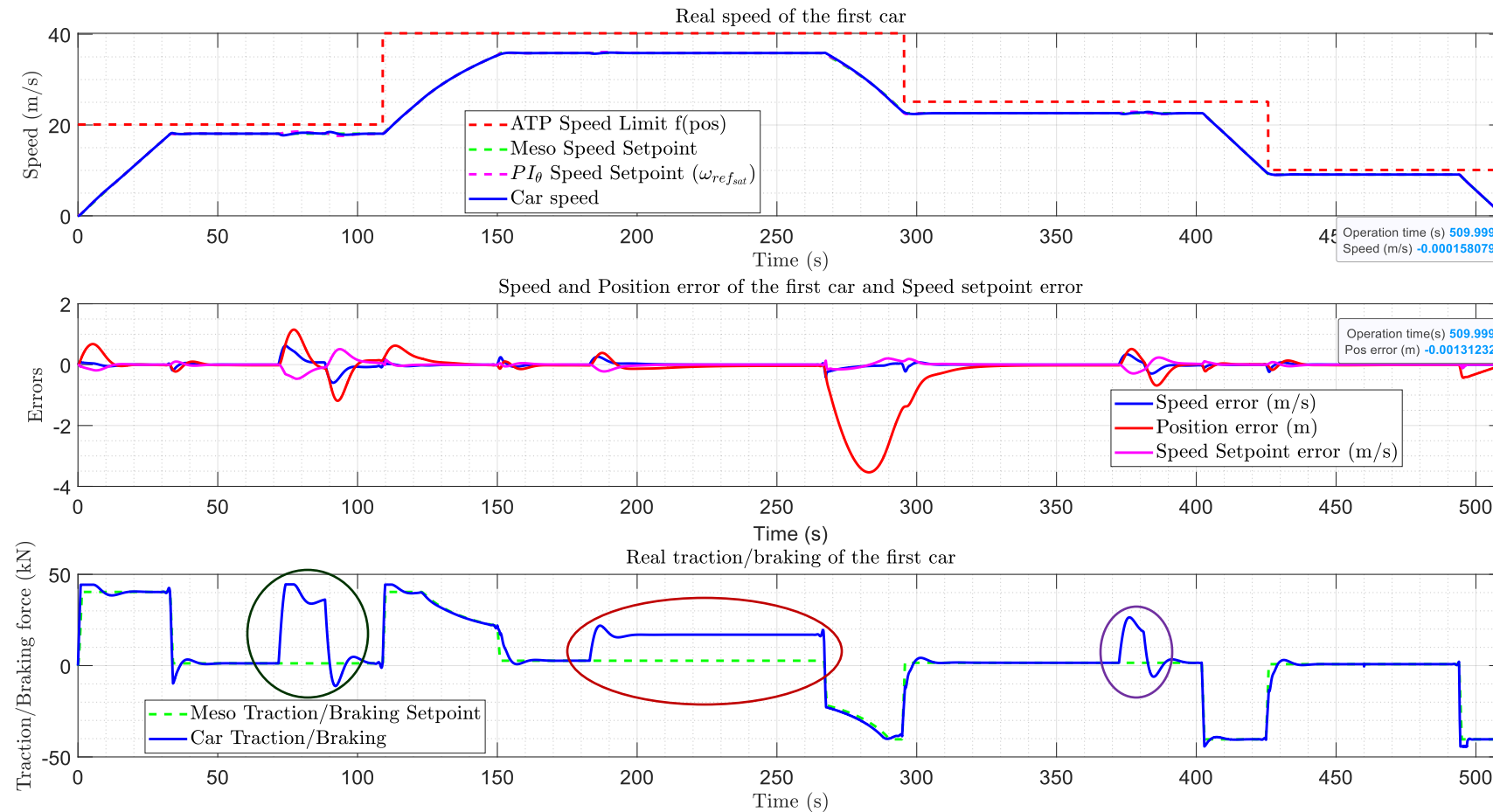
- Planning time  $\approx 1.2$  s
- Error  $\approx 0.24$   $\mu$ s
- Any disturbance taken into account



# Modeling and development.

## Development of the control system: Results

After using the setpoints in the micro layer's torque control system, the systems response (1<sup>st</sup> iteration):



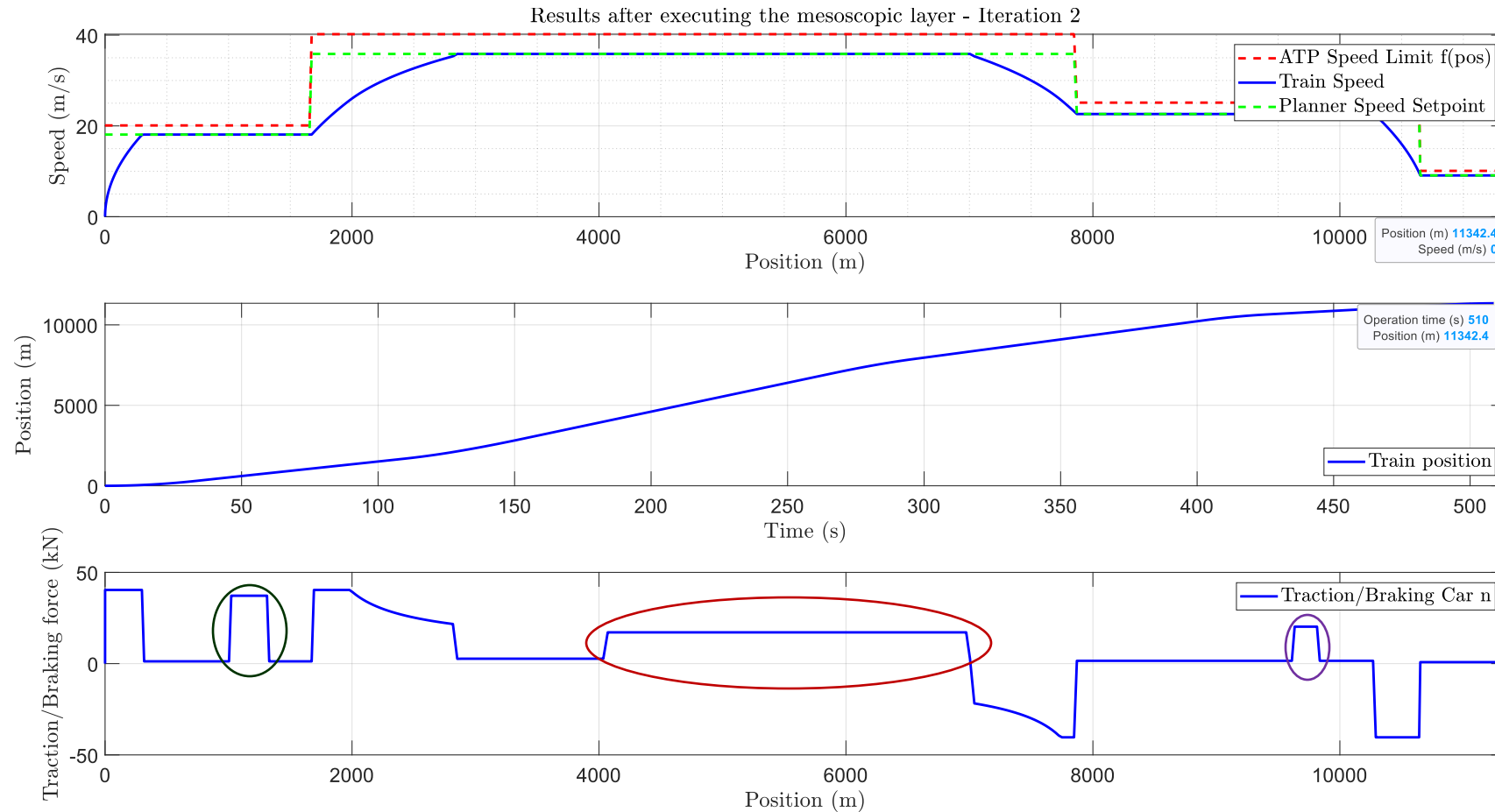
### Conclusions:

- The train reaches the **desired position** in the **required operation time**.
- However, **the applied traction and the planned one are different**.
- This happens because there are **some disturbances over the road**.
- **Thanks to the tuned control scheme**, the errors generated by the disturbances **are removed**.
- To reduce positioning errors during the operation, a **replanning must be done**.

# Modeling and development.

## Development of the control system: Results

After the execution of the disturbance observer/estimation, the meso layer's planning algorithm is executed again (2<sup>nd</sup> iteration):



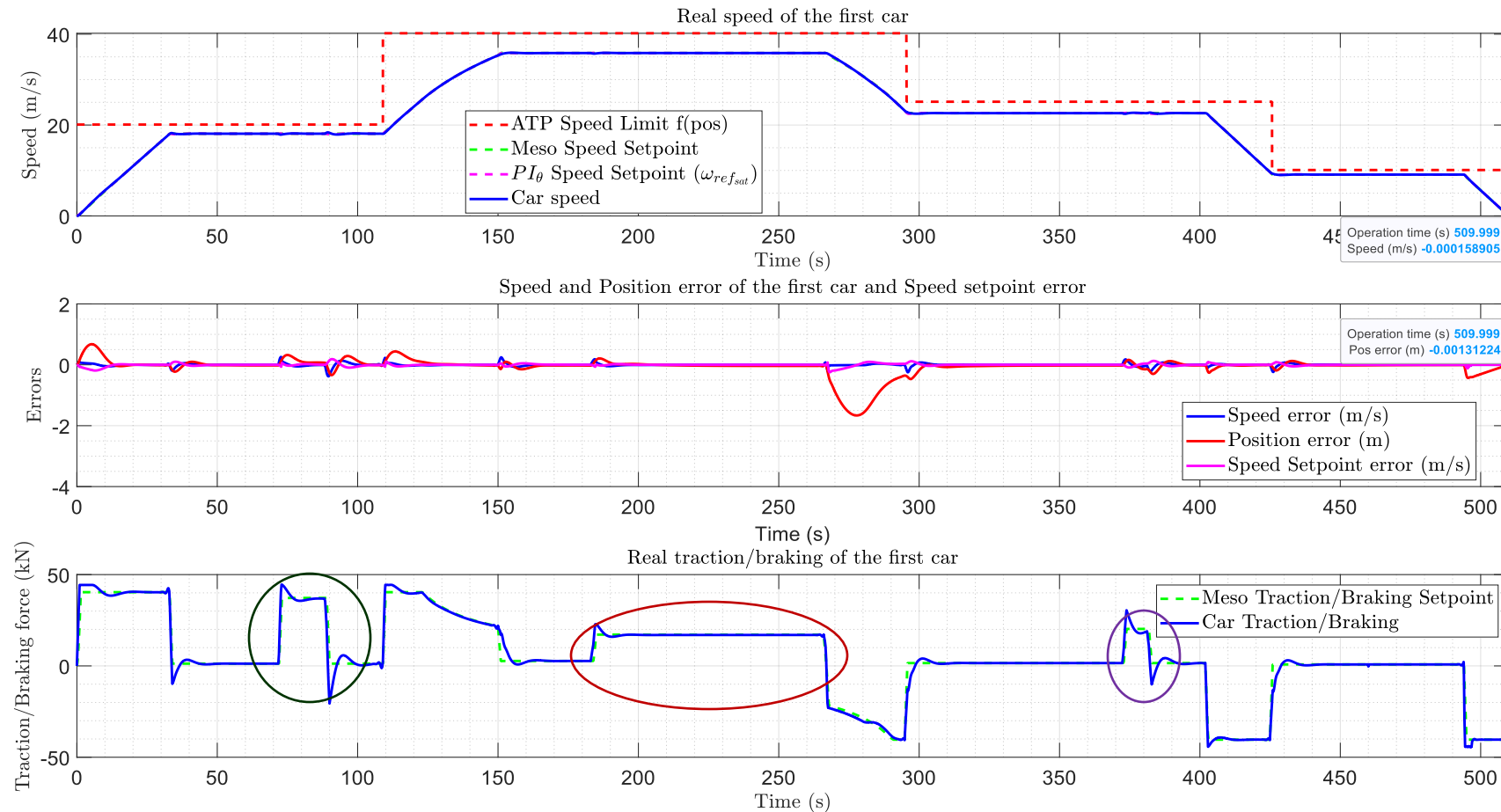
### Planning output specifications:

- Planning time  $\approx 1.5$  s
- Error  $\approx 0.24 \mu\text{s}$
- **Three** disturbances taken into account.

# Modeling and development.

## Development of the control system: Results

After using the new setpoints in the micro layer's torque control system, the systems final response (2<sup>nd</sup> iteration):



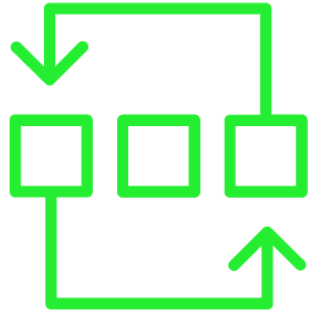
### Conclusions:

- The train also reaches the **desired position** in the required operation time.
- However, the **applied traction** and the **planned** matched.
- This way, the **controllers don't have to overwork** with respect to the results in the 1<sup>st</sup> iteration.
- The **positioning errors** during the operation are **notably reduced**.

# Conclusions and future directions.

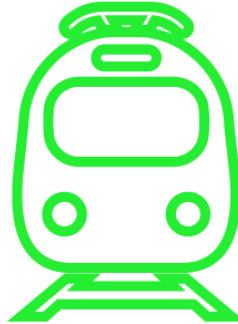
## Conclusions and future directions.

### Main conclusions



The **planning algorithm** allows for **agile planning**.

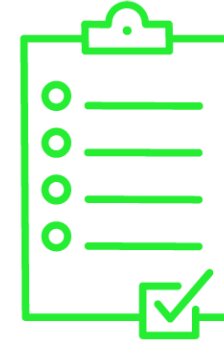
The **control scheme** ensures that the **control objectives** are met.



The **developed framework** allows the **simulation** of the train's autonomous operation **correctly**.

Thus, **paving the way** for the **future implementation** of **intelligent control techniques**.

### Future directions



**Uncertainties** will be added to the detailed model, **leading to the improvement of the ATO subsystem**.

The entire **ATO** will be run **iteratively**, with a shorter prediction time, **generating more accurate run-time control commands**, thus creating a **predictive/iterative algorithm**.

¡THANK YOU VERY MUCH!  
ESKERRIK ASKO!  
¡MUCHAS GRACIAS!

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